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**FRONTLINE GOLD CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

**TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FRONTLINE GOLD CORPORATION**

*Opinion*

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Frontline Gold Corporation (the "Company"), which comprise:

- ♦ the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2020 and 2019;
- ♦ the consolidated statements of income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the years then ended;
- ♦ the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended;
- ♦ the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' deficiency for the years then ended; and
- ♦ the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

*Basis for Opinion*

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

*Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern*

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Company has a working capital deficiency of \$1,514,006 as at December 31, 2020. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

*Other Information*

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditors' report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

*Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ◆ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ◆ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ◆ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- ◆ Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ◆ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- ◆ Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report Kevin Kwan.

*Smythe LLP*

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, British Columbia

April 30, 2021

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	As at December 31, 2020	As at December 31, 2019
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 145,812	\$ 9,490
Short-term investment (note 5)	468,273	33,750
Amounts receivable	15,881	11,988
Prepaid expenses	2,933	8,224
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>632,899</b>	<b>63,452</b>
Non-current assets		
Deposit	2,933	2,933
Exploration and evaluation assets (note 6)	363,827	156,296
Equipment (note 7)	1,549	2,125
Right-of-use assets (note 8)	60,928	-
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,062,136</b>	<b>\$ 224,806</b>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficiency</b>		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 886,211	\$ 1,097,716
Loans payable (note 9)	137,163	137,163
Current portion of lease liabilities (note 10)	30,459	-
Amounts owing to related parties (note 12)	1,093,072	1,113,658
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>2,146,905</b>	<b>2,348,537</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		
Lease liabilities (note 10)	30,714	-
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>2,177,619</b>	<b>2,348,537</b>
<b>Shareholders' deficiency</b>		
Share capital (note 13)	13,540,085	13,593,633
Shares to be returned to treasury and cancelled (note 13)	-	(73,548)
Share-based payments reserve (note 13)	1,718,102	1,718,102
Deficit	(16,373,670)	(17,361,918)
<b>Total shareholders' deficiency</b>	<b>(1,115,483)</b>	<b>(2,123,731)</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' deficiency</b>	<b>\$ 1,062,136</b>	<b>\$ 224,806</b>

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (note 1)  
 Commitments (note 16)  
 Subsequent Event (note 17)

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 30, 2021. They are signed on the Company's behalf by:

"Walter Henry" \_\_\_\_\_ Director (Signed)  
 "Tom Hussey" \_\_\_\_\_ Director (Signed)

**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Consolidated Statements of Income (loss) and Comprehensive Income (loss)**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2019
<b>Operating expenses</b>		
Consulting fees (note 12)	\$ 10,000	\$ 21,000
Depreciation (notes 7 and 8)	3,225	800
Interest and loan fees	26,155	25,963
Interest on lease liabilities (note 10)	530	-
Mineral expenses	-	15,571
Office and general	55,114	13,749
Professional fees	33,398	37,363
Rent	21,508	9,151
Shareholder information and communications	294	2,038
Share transfer, listing and filing fees	13,815	11,105
Total operating expenses	164,039	136,740
Net loss before other items	(164,039)	(136,740)
<b>Other items</b>		
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets (note 6)	-	(433,002)
Foreign exchange gain	(96)	12,189
Unrealized gain (loss) on short-term investments	45,886	(28,546)
Gain on optioning of properties (note 6)	908,275	84,703
Debt settlement	198,222	288,283
Total other items	1,152,287	(76,373)
<b>Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the year</b>	<b>\$ 988,248</b>	<b>\$ (213,113)</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) per share - basic and diluted</b>	<b>\$ 0.01</b>	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>
<b>Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted</b>	<b>140,335,915</b>	<b>140,463,361</b>

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2019
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 988,248	\$ (213,113)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	3,225	800
Interest on lease liabilities	530	-
Gain on optioning of properties	(908,275)	(84,703)
(Gain) loss on short-term investments	(45,886)	28,546
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets	-	433,002
Reversal of prior years' expenses	(198,223)	(288,283)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Amounts receivable	(3,893)	5,297
Prepaid expenses	5,291	(8,224)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(104)	(41,765)
Net cash used in operating activities	(179,673)	(168,443)
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets (net of recovery)	(220,209)	(52,893)
Proceeds from optioning of exploration and evaluation assets	512,500	70,000
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments	41,638	77,513
Long term deposit	-	(2,933)
Net cash provided by investing activities	333,929	91,687
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Lease payments	(2,934)	-
Payment for debt settlement	(15,000)	-
Related party loans	(20,586)	55,059
Net cash used in financing activities	(17,934)	55,059
Net change in cash	136,322	(21,697)
<b>Cash, beginning of year</b>	<b>9,490</b>	<b>31,187</b>
Cash, end of year	\$ 145,812	\$ 9,490
<b>Non-cash transactions</b>		
Exploration and evaluation assets in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,822	\$ -
Shares received as option payment	\$ 430,275	\$ 103,703
Shares issued as property acquisition cost	\$ 20,000	\$ -
Right-of-use assets recognized	\$ 63,577	\$ -
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -
Cancellation of treasury shares	\$ 73,548	\$ -

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	Common shares without par value		Treasury shares	Share-based payments reserve	Deficit	Total deficiency
	#	Amount				
<b>Balance, December 31, 2018</b>	<b>140,463,361</b>	<b>\$ 13,593,633</b>	<b>\$ (73,548)</b>	<b>\$ 1,718,102</b>	<b>\$ (17,148,805)</b>	<b>\$ (1,910,618)</b>
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(213,113)	(213,113)
Balance, December 31, 2019	<b>140,463,361</b>	<b>13,593,633</b>	<b>(73,548)</b>	<b>1,718,102</b>	<b>(17,361,918)</b>	<b>(2,123,731)</b>
Shares returned to treasury	(14,709,688)	(73,548)	73,548	-	-	-
Mineral property acquisition cost (note 6)	1,000,000	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
Net income for the year	-	-	-	-	988,248	988,248
<b>Balance, December 31, 2020</b>	<b>126,753,673</b>	<b>\$ 13,540,085</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,718,102</b>	<b>\$ (16,373,670)</b>	<b>\$ (1,115,483)</b>

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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#### 1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Frontline Gold Corporation ("Frontline" or the "Company") was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on January 16, 2008 and completed an initial public offering on March 23, 2009. The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is 1 Toronto Street, Suite 201, Box 10, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

The Company is in the process of exploring mineral properties in Canada and Turkey and has not yet determined whether these properties contain economic reserves. To date, the Company has not earned production revenue and is considered to be in the development stage.

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. As at December 31, 2020, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$16,373,670 (2019 - \$17,361,918 and a working capital deficiency of \$1,514,006 (2019 - \$2,285,085).

Management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations or become cash flow positive, or raise additional debt and/or equity capital. Management intends to continue to raise additional funding in the form of equity financing from the sale of common stock and/or monetization of assets to improve the working capital position, but there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in achieving these goals. These factors may cast significant doubt on the use of the going concern basis of accounting used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in business, and these adjustments may be material.

The Company's operations could be significantly adversely affected by the effects of a widespread global outbreak of a contagious disease, including the recent outbreak of respiratory illness caused by COVID-19, which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization on March 12, 2020. The Company cannot accurately predict the impact COVID-19 will have on its operations and the ability of others to meet their obligations with the Company, including uncertainties relating to the ultimate geographic spread of the virus, the severity of the disease, the duration of the outbreak, and the length of travel and quarantine restrictions imposed by governments of affected countries. In addition, a significant outbreak of contagious diseases in the human population could result in a widespread health crisis that could adversely affect the economies and financial markets of many countries, resulting in an economic downturn that could further affect the Company's operations and ability to finance its operations.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

##### (a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") applicable to the preparation of annual consolidated financial statements.

##### (b) Basis of Measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Company.



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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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## 2. Basis of Preparation (Continued)

### (c) Basis of Consolidation

These financial statements are consolidated with Frontline Gold Madencilik San. Ve Tic. Ltd. Sti. (formerly Merrex Insaat Madencilik Sanayi Tasimacilik ve Ticaret Ltd. Sti.), a 100%-owned subsidiary of the Company incorporated in Turkey. The functional currency of the subsidiary is the Canadian dollar. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated upon consolidation.

### (d) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make accounting estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and notes. By their nature, these estimates and judgments are subject to measurement uncertainty and the effect on the financial statements of changes in such estimates in future periods could be material. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions, and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### *Critical accounting estimates*

The amounts recorded for share-based compensation transactions are based on estimates. The Black-Scholes option pricing model is based on estimates of assumptions for expected volatility, expected number of options to vest, dividend rate, risk-free interest rate and expected life of the options.

The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on the discovery of economical reserves, the acquisition of titles and/or interests in the mineral exploration properties, the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete development of the properties and on future production or proceeds of disposition.

Management's assumption that there are currently no decommissioning liabilities is based on the facts and circumstances that existed during the period.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed based on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities on the statement of financial position and their corresponding tax values. Deferred income tax assets also result from unused loss carry-forwards and other deductions. To the extent the Company does not consider it probable that a deferred tax asset will be recovered, the deferred tax asset is not recognized.

#### *Critical accounting judgments*

The following accounting policies involve judgments or assessments made by management:

- The assessment of impairment conditions for the carrying amounts of exploration and evaluation assets; and
- The determination of when an exploration and evaluation asset moves from the exploration stage to the development stage.

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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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### 3. Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Business Combinations

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values (at the date of exchange) of assets given up, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Company in exchange for control of the subsidiary. Acquisition related costs are recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss as incurred.

#### (b) Cash

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits with maturities less than three months. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had no cash equivalents.

#### (c) Foreign Currency Translation

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each statement of financial position date, monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the period-end exchange rate. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the historical rate on the date of the transaction. All gains and losses on translation of these foreign currency transactions are included in the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss.

#### (d) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activities, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized as incurred as intangible assets. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognized in profit or loss.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, which management has determined to be indicated by a feasibility study and a decision to proceed with development, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to resource property in property, plant and equipment.

An impairment review of exploration and evaluation assets is performed, either individually or at the cash generating unit level, when there are indicators that the carrying amount of the assets may exceed their recoverable amounts. To the extent this occurs, the excess is fully provided against the carrying amount, in the period in which this is determined. Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed on a regular basis and these costs are carried forward provided at least one of the following conditions is met:

- such costs are expected to be recovered through successful exploration and development and of the area of interest or by its sale; or
- exploration and evaluation activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in relation to the area are continuing, or planned in the future.

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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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### 3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### (e) Equipment

Items of equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The cost of an item includes the purchase price and directly attributable costs to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Where an item of equipment comprises major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of operations and comprehensive loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is recognized using the following rates and methods:

Furniture and equipment	20% declining balance
Computer hardware	30% declining balance

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and are adjusted if appropriate.

#### (f) Leases and Right-of-Use Assets

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. Contracts that convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration are accounted for as leases giving rise to right-of-use assets.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is measured at cost, where cost comprises: (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability; (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Company; and (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Company in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

The Company subsequently measures a right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term.

A lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the unpaid lease payments. Subsequently, the Company measures a lease liability by: (a) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability; (b) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and (c) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between repayment of the lease principal and interest. Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term is allocated to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability. Except where the costs are included in the carrying amount of another asset, the Company recognizes in profit or loss (a) the interest on a lease liability and (b) variable lease payments not included in the measurement of a lease liability in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

The Company elected to not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are charged directly to profit on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**(g) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets**

The Company's tangible assets are reviewed for an indication of impairment at each statement of financial position date. If indication of impairment exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Long-lived assets that are not amortized are subject to an annual impairment assessment.

An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset, or its cash-generating unit, exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. The Company considers each mineral property to be a cash-generating unit. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss for the period. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to cash-generating units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro-rata basis.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is reversed if there is an indication that there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized. An impairment loss with respect to goodwill is never reversed.

**(h) Share-based Compensation**

The Company grants stock options to buy common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and services providers. The Board of Directors grants such options for periods of up to ten years, with vesting periods determined at its sole discretion and at prices equal to or greater than the closing market price on the day preceding the date the options were granted.

The fair value of share purchase options granted are recognized as expenses or are capitalized as exploration and evaluation assets as appropriate, with a corresponding increase in equity. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee.

The fair value for share purchase options granted to employees or those providing services similar to those provided by a direct employee are measured at the grant date and each tranche is recognized using the graded vesting method over the period during which the share purchase options vest. The fair value of the share purchase options granted are measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share purchase options were granted.

The fair value of the share purchase options granted to non-employees is measured at the fair value of the services received, on the date they are received. If the fair value of the services received cannot be estimated reliably, the fair value of the share purchase options is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share purchase options were granted.

At each financial position reporting date, the amount recognized is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share purchase options that are expected to vest.

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**(i) Income Taxes**

Income tax consists of current and deferred tax and is recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deferred tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply when the asset is realized or the liability settled.

The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that substantive enactment occurs.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a deferred tax asset will be recovered, the deferred tax asset is not recognized.

The following temporary differences do not result in deferred tax assets or liabilities:

- the initial recognition of assets or liabilities, not arising in a business combination, that does not affect accounting or taxable profit;
- goodwill not deductible for tax purposes;
- investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities where the timing of reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and reversal in the foreseeable future is not probable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

**(j) Loss per Share**

Loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share is computed similar to basic loss per share except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares for the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options and warrants were exercised and that the proceeds from such exercises were used to acquire common stock at the average market price during the reporting periods.

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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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### 3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### (k) Financial Instruments

##### Recognition

The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability on the statement of financial position when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial assets are initially measured at fair value, and are derecognized either when the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or when cash flows expire. Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and are derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

A write-off of a financial asset (or a portion thereof) constitutes a derecognition event. Write-off occurs when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset.

##### Classification and Measurement

The Company determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition. Financial assets and financial liabilities are classified according to the following measurement categories:

- i) those to be measured subsequently at fair value, either through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); and
- ii) those to be measured subsequently at amortized cost.

The classification and measurement of financial assets after initial recognition at fair value depends on the business model for managing the financial asset and the contractual terms of the cash flows. Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding, are generally measured at amortized cost at each subsequent reporting period. All other financial assets are measured at their fair values at each subsequent reporting period, with any changes recorded through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income (which designation is made as an irrevocable election at the time of recognition).

After initial recognition at fair value, financial liabilities are classified and measured at either:

- i) amortized cost;
- ii) FVTPL, if the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of recognition, or when required (for items such as instruments held for trading or derivatives); or,
- iii) FVTOCI, when the change in fair value is attributable to changes in the Company's credit risk.

The Company reclassifies financial assets when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes. Financial liabilities are not reclassified.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of a financial asset or financial liability classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost or FVTOCI are included in the fair value of the instrument on initial recognition. Transaction costs for financial assets and financial liabilities classified at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

**(k) Financial Instruments (continued)**

Classification and Measurement (Continued)

The Company's financial instruments consist of the following:

	<b>Classification</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>	
Cash	FVTPL
Short-term investments	FVTPL
Amounts receivable	Amortized cost
<b>Financial liabilities</b>	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Amounts due to related parties	Amortized cost
Lease liabilities	Amortized cost
Loans payable	Amortized cost

Impairment

The Company assesses all information available, including on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with any financial assets carried at amortized cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition based on all information available, and reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company classifies financial instruments recognized at fair value in accordance with a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to the valuation technique used to measure fair value as per IFRS 7. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability; and

Level 3 – Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activities).

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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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### 3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### (l) Flow-through Shares

The Company will, from time to time, issue flow-through common shares to finance a portion of its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share subscription agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and ii) share capital. Upon expenses being incurred, the Company recognizes a deferred tax liability for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders and the premium liability is reversed. The reversal of the premium liability and the deferred tax liability are recognized as tax recoveries to the extent that suitable deferred tax assets are available.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for Canadian resource property exploration expenditures within a two-year period. The portion of the proceeds received but not yet expended at the end of the Company's fiscal period is disclosed separately as flow-through share commitments.

The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the "Look-back" Rule, in accordance with Government of Canada flow-through regulations. When applicable, this tax is accrued as a financial expense until paid.

#### (m) Fair Value of Warrants

Proceeds from unit placements are allocated between shares and warrants using the residual method. The value is allocated first to share capital based on the market value of common shares on the date of issue, with any residual value from the proceeds being allocated to the warrants.

#### (n) Decommissioning Liabilities

A legal or constructive obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs may arise when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. A pre-tax discount rate that reflects the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability are used to calculate the net present value of the expected future cash flows. These costs are charged to the statement of operations over the economic life of the related asset, through depreciation expense using either the unit-of-production or the straight-line method as appropriate. The related liability is progressively increased each period as the effect of discounting unwinds, creating an expense recognized in the statement of operations. The liability is assessed at each reporting date for changes to the current market-based discount rate, and amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation.

Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage, which is created on an ongoing basis during production, are provided for at their net present values and charged against profits as extraction progresses.

The Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs as the disturbance to date is minimal.



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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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### 3. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### (o) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as a finance expense.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, the provision is reversed. The Company presently does not have any amounts considered to be provisions.

### 4. Capital Management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain adequate levels of funding to support the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties and maintain the necessary corporate and administrative functions to facilitate these activities. The Company's definition of capital is equity.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing, primarily equity financing, to fund its activities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue to raise capital in this manner. To carry out the planned exploration and fund administrative costs, the Company will raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it believes there is sufficient geologic and economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so. There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the period. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

### 5. Short-term Investments

	Number of shares	Historical cost	Fair value December 31, 2020	Fair value December 31, 2019
Pacton Gold Inc. (i)	22,500	\$ 22,275	\$ 23,175	\$ 33,750
EMX Royalty Corp.	103,271	400,000	445,098	-
		\$ 422,275	\$ 468,273	\$ 33,750

(i) On June 9, 2020, Pacton Gold Inc. effected a 10-to-1 share consolidation.

# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

### 6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The change in exploration and evaluation (“E&E”) assets in the period are as follows:

	As at December 31, 2019	Acquisition costs	Geological services	Assays	Logging and mapping	Office and general	Option proceeds received	As at December 31, 2020
Whitehorse Property	\$ 228	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 228
Rainy River Property	77,000	12,000	-	-	-	-	-	89,000
Rex Lake Property	20,301	18,000	-	-	-	-	-	38,301
Gullrock Property	28,500	6,000	-	-	-	-	(34,500)	-
Paint Lake Property	-	5,000	2,184	-	-	-	-	7,184
Portage River Property	-	8,000	-	-	-	-	-	8,000
Crooked Pine Property	-	45,000	22,698	3,274	-	1,200	-	72,172
Route 109 Property	-	14,000	84,400	-	-	-	-	98,400
NE Bachelor Property	-	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000
Menderes Property	-	-	-	-	5,163	-	-	5,163
Other Ontario Property	30,267	-	-	-	-	112	-	30,378
	\$ 156,296	\$ 123,000	\$ 109,282	\$ 3,274	\$ 5,163	\$ 1,312	\$ (34,500)	\$363,827

  

	As at December 31, 2018	Acquisition costs	Office and general	Option proceeds received	Write-down	As at December 31, 2019
Niaouleni Gold Project	\$ 33,424	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (33,424)	\$ -
Whitehorse Property	115	42,500	113	(42,500)	-	228
Rainy River Property	77,000	-	-	-	-	77,000
Kambertepi Property	168,641	-	-	-	(168,641)	-
Keban Property	200,517	-	-	-	(200,517)	-
Giresun Property	21,000	-	-	-	(21,000)	-
Rex Lake Property	10,301	10,000	-	-	-	20,301
Jubilee Lake Property	9,140	-	280	-	(9,420)	-
Gullrock Property	75,000	-	-	(46,500)	-	28,500
Other Ontario Property	30,267	-	-	-	-	30,267
	\$ 625,405	\$ 52,500	\$ 393	\$ (89,000)	\$ (433,002)	\$ 156,296

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Continued)**

Red Lake - Birch Lake

The Company holds a 100% interest in mineral claims in the Red Lake-Birch Lake District in Northwestern Ontario, approximately 80 kilometres east-northeast of the town of Red Lake.

Frontline's Red Lake Property Group comprises 34 mineral claims and 2 mineral patents, totaling 274 claims units for a total area of approximately 4,420 hectares. The Red Lake Property Group primarily consists of 3 properties: 1) Baird/Heyson mineral claims ("Baird/Heyson Property"), 2) the Chukuni package, and 3) the Whitehorse Island Patents ("Whitehorse Property"):

*2017 Option Agreement*

On May 17, 2017 the Company executed an option agreement ("2017 Option Agreement") with Pacton Gold Inc. ("Pacton", TSXV: PAC) wherein, Pacton has the option to acquire a 100% percent interest in the Company's Red Lake Property Group, in the Red Lake District (which includes the Chukuni and Whitehorse properties), by making certain payments and share issuances to Frontline. The Company has received from Pacton the first payment of \$75,000 and 120,000 common shares with a fair value of \$120,000 during 2017.

Pacton will have the option to acquire a 100 percent interest in the Red Lake Property Group from Frontline by making four (4) cash payments totaling \$300,000 (\$75,000 paid), and issuing a total of 420,000 common shares (120,000 issued) to Frontline over a three (3) year period. Frontline's Red Lake Property Group retains a 2.25% net smelter returns royalty, with Frontline's net smelter returns royalty ranging from 0.25% to 2.25% on all the mineral claims and mineral patents. Pacton can purchase one-half (1/2) of Frontline's royalty by payment of \$250,000 for each 0.25% of Frontline's Royalty. The acquisition of the Red Lake Property Group by Pacton was approved by the TSX Venture Exchange.

*2018 Option Agreement*

On November 1, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement ("2018 Option Agreement") with Pacton, wherein, Pacton has the option to acquire a 100% interest in the 12 mineral claims located in the Red Lake District, by making certain payments and share issuances to Frontline.

Pursuant to the terms of the 2018 Option Agreement, Pacton will have the option to acquire a 100 percent interest in the 12 mineral claims located the Red Lake Property Group from Frontline by making four (4) cash payments totaling \$110,000 (\$70,000 received), and issuing a total of 25,000 common shares (received) to Frontline over a two (2) year period as follows:

- (i) cash payment of \$30,000 (received) and issue 10,000 shares (received, valued at \$27,000) immediately;
- (ii) cash payment of \$40,000 (received) and issue 7,500 shares (received, valued at \$7,875) on or before the first anniversary; and
- (iii) cash payment of \$40,000 (received) and issue 7,500 shares (received, valued at \$7,425) on or before the second anniversary.

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Continued)**

Red Lake - Birch Lake (continued)

*Tilly Property*

On January 29, 2019, the Company entered into an acquisition agreement with Pacton, wherein Pacton acquired 100% interest in certain claims located in the Red Lake Mining District known as the Tilly Property from the Company. Pursuant to the terms of the acquisition agreement, the Company received 19,231 common shares of Pacton valued at \$48,078.

*Duchess Property*

On February 20, 2019, the Company entered into an option agreement ("Duchess Option Agreement") with Pacton, wherein, Pacton has the option to acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Red Lake District, known as the Duchess Property. Pursuant to the terms of the Duchess Option Agreement, Pacton will have the option to acquire the 100% interest in the Duchess Property from Frontline by:

- (i) directly paying a maximum of \$30,000 on behalf of Frontline to cover the costs of conducting certain exploration work on the property;
- (ii) issuance of 12,500 common shares of Pacton (received, valued at \$31,250);
- (iii) cash payment of \$50,000 (received) and issuance of 10,000 common shares of Pacton on or before the first anniversary date (received, valued at \$8,000); and
- (iv) cash payment of \$50,000 and issuance of 12,500 common shares of Pacton on or before the second anniversary date.

Whitehorse Property

During 2015, the Company had, subject to regulatory approval, acquired a 100% interest in the Whitehorse Island property ("Whitehorse"), which hosts the Whitehorse Island gold shaft. The property comprised of two contiguous claims, totalling 35.55 hectares, is strategically situated between Goldcorp/Premier Gold's Rahill-Bonanza Gold Property to the North-east and Premier Gold's Hasaga Gold property to the south west. The Whitehorse Island mining patents were previously owned by Grandview Gold Inc. On August 31, 2015, the Company entered into a binding Letter of Intent with Abitibi Royalties Inc. to sell a 2% net smelter royalty ("NSR") on the property and 15% of any cash proceeds should the property be sold or joint ventured. Abitibi Royalties Inc. has paid the Company \$10,000.

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Continued)**

Rainy River Property

During 2015, the Company had acquired an option to acquire a 100% interest in the Rainy River property ("Rainy River") which is comprised of fifteen contiguous claims located in the Kenora township in Ontario. The property is subject to a net smelter returns royalty of 2% on six of the claims and 1% on the remaining nine claims.

To exercise its option and acquire up to a 100% interest in the claims, the Company must issue a total of 500,000 shares over four years and pay the Optionor a total of \$70,000 (of which \$10,000 is due on February 1, 2016 (\$3,000 paid), \$10,000 is due on the first anniversary date of signing, \$12,000 is due on the second anniversary, \$12,000 is due on the third anniversary, and \$26,000 is due on the fourth anniversary).

The Company may repurchase one-half of the 2% royalty for \$1,000,000 and one-half of the 1% royalty for \$250,000.

The Company acquired an option to acquire a 100% interest in 6 additional claims in the Rainy River property subject to regulatory approval. The 6 claims consist of 79 units and are located within the Company's Rainy River property group. The property is subject to a 1% net smelter returns royalty.

To exercise its option and acquire up to 100% interest in the claims, the Company must issue a total of 500,000 shares and pay the Optionor a total of \$28,000 (of which \$2,000 was paid on signing ("Initial Payment"), an additional \$3,000 within 30 days of the Initial Payment (paid), an additional \$3,000 within 60 days of the initial payment (paid), \$7,500 due on the first anniversary date of signing (paid), \$7,500 is due on the second anniversary (\$2,500 paid), and \$5,000 is due on the third anniversary).

The Company may repurchase the 1% NSR royalty for \$250,000.

Rex Lake Property

On April 2, 2018, the Company acquired an option to acquire a 100% interest in the Rex Lake property ("Rex Lake") which is comprised of two claims located in the Rex Lake Township in Ontario.

To exercise its option and acquire up to a 100% interest in the claims, the Company must make a total cash payment of \$76,000, of which \$8,000 is due on May 15, 2018 (paid), \$10,000 is due on May 15, 2019 (paid), \$12,000 is due on May 15, 2020 (paid), \$16,000 is due on May 15, 2021, and \$30,000 is due on May 15, 2022 and fund staking costs in the minimum amount of \$2,000 to be done or before April 10, 2018 (paid).

The property is subject to a net smelter return royalty of 1.50%. The Company may repurchase one-half of the 1.50% royalty for \$500,000.

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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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#### 6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Continued)

##### Gullrock Property

On November 27, 2018, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Gullrock property, located in the Red Lake district, from Alexandria Minerals Corporation ("Alexandria", a company related to a director and officer of the Company").

The acquisition of the Gullrock Property also includes all exploration data and technical information associated with the properties in the possession of the Alexandria, and any other hard assets located on the property underlying the properties.

On October 22, 2019, the Company entered into an option agreement ("Gullrock Agreement") with Pacton, wherein Pacton has the option to acquire a 100% interest in the Gullrock Property. Pursuant to the terms of the Gullrock Agreement, Pacton will have the option to acquire the 100% interest in the Gullrock Property from Frontline by making cash payments to Frontline totalling \$125,000 and issuing Frontline an aggregate of 75,000 shares as follows:

- (i) cash payment of \$35,000 (\$30,000 received) and issue 15,000 shares immediately (received, valued at \$22,500);
- (ii) cash payment of \$22,500 (received) and issue 15,000 shares (received, valued at \$14,850) on or before the first anniversary;
- (iii) cash payment of \$22,500 and issue 15,000 shares on or before the second anniversary;
- (iv) cash payment of \$22,500 and issue 15,000 shares on or before the third anniversary; and
- (v) cash payment of \$22,500 and issue 15,000 shares on or before the fourth anniversary.

##### Sale of Red Lake NSR's

On December 8, 2020, the Company executed a purchase agreement to sell its portfolio of Red Lake NSR's to EMX Royalties Corporation ("EMX") for a total purchase price of \$800,000, which will be paid 50% in cash (received) and 50% in shares of EMX (103,721 shares received, valued at \$400,000). The Company's NSR's arose from the option agreements distributed over the Gullrock Property, Duchess Property, Red Lake Properties, and Tilly Property).

##### Paint Lake Property

On April 29, 2020, the Company acquired a 100% interest in certain claim units primarily within the Mishibishu Lake and Abbie Lake Townships of Ontario ("Paint Lake Property"). In addition, Frontline entered into a 50/50 Joint Venture Agreement ("JV Venture Agreement") with Talisker Gold Corp. ("Talisker"). Talisker will be responsible for 50% of Frontline's Paint Lake Property Option and Talisker agrees to add its East Pukaskwa property to the Joint Venture and Frontline agrees to reimburse Talisker for the acquisition costs of its property.

To exercise its option and acquire a 100% interest in the Mishibishu Lake area claims, Frontline must pay the optionor a total of \$56,000 (of which a total of \$38,000 is due in years 2 and 3 of the option agreement), with \$10,000 due on signing (\$5,000 paid by Frontline, \$5,000 paid by Talisker) and \$8,000 due on the first anniversary, and grant the optionor a 1.5% net smelter returns royalty. Frontline may repurchase one-half of the 1.5% royalty for \$500,000.

Under the terms of the JV Agreement Talisker will be responsible for 50% of Frontline Option and Frontline agrees to reimburse Talisker for the acquisition costs for this property. Frontline's cost to reimburse Talisker is approximately \$2,500.

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# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

### Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

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#### 6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Continued)

##### Portage River Property

On May 5, 2020, the Company acquired a 100% interest in twenty-eight (28) adjacent claim units covering a total area of approximately 1983 hectares located approximately 10 kilometers to the southwest of the village of Normetal and the Normetal mine, and approximately 110 kilometers north of the town of Rouyn-Noranda in the Abitibi region of Quebec. The property has road access year-round and is located just southeast of Amex Exploration Inc.'s Perron Gold Property.

To exercise its option and to acquire a 100% interest in the Portage River claims, Frontline must pay the optionor a total of \$61,000 (of which a total of \$41,000 is due in years 2 and 3 of the option agreement), with \$8,000 due on signing (paid) and \$12,000 due on the first anniversary, and grant the optionor a 1.5% net smelter returns royalty. Frontline may repurchase one-half of the 1.5% royalty for \$400,000.

##### Crooked Pine Property

On July 9, 2020, the Company entered into an option agreement to earn up to 100% interest in 164 claim units located in Northwestern Ontario within the Thunder Bay Mining District of Ontario ("Crooked Pine Property"). To exercise its option and acquire a 100% interest in the Crooked Pine property claims, the Company must pay the optionor a total of \$150,000 (of which a total of \$95,000 is due in years 2 and 3 of the option agreement), with \$15,000 due on signing (paid) and \$10,000 due within 3 months of the signing day (paid), and issuing 1,000,000 common shares of Frontline (issued, valued at \$20,000). The optionor will retain a 2.0% NSR royalty. Frontline may repurchase one half of the 2.0% royalty for \$1,000,000.

##### Route 109 Property

On September 21, 2020, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Route 109 Property which consists of 100 mining claims in the Province of Quebec. To exercise its option and to acquire 100% interest, the Company must pay the optionor a total of \$123,000 (of which a total of \$95,000 is due in years 2-4 of the option agreement), with \$14,000 due on signing (paid) and \$14,000 due on the first anniversary, and grant the optionor a 1.5% NSR. The Company may repurchase 0.5% of royalty for \$500,000.

##### NE Bachelor Property

On December 1, 2020, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the NE Bachelor Property, which consists of 62 mining claims in the Province of Quebec. To exercise its option and to acquire 100% interest, the Company must pay the optionors a total of \$85,000 (of which a total of \$85,000 is due in years 2-4 of the option agreement), with \$15,000 due on signing (paid) and grant the optionors a 1.5% NSR. The Company may repurchase 0.75% of the royalty for \$500,000.

# Frontline Gold Corporation

## Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

### 7. Equipment

<b>Cost</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Furniture and equipment	\$ 5,015	\$ -	\$ 5,015	\$ -	\$ 5,015
Computer hardware	38,148	-	38,148	-	38,148
	<b>\$ 43,163</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 43,163</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 43,163</b>

<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Furniture and equipment	\$ 4,218	\$ 160	\$ 4,378	\$ 128	\$ 4,506
Computer hardware	36,020	640	36,660	448	37,108
	<b>\$ 40,238</b>	<b>\$ 800</b>	<b>\$ 41,038</b>	<b>\$ 576</b>	<b>\$ 41,614</b>

<b>Carrying amounts</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Furniture and equipment	\$ 637	\$ 509
Computer hardware	1,488	1,040
	<b>\$ 2,125</b>	<b>\$ 1,549</b>

### 8. Right-of-Use Assets

<b>Cost</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Office lease	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,577	\$ 63,577

<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>	<b>December 31, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Office lease	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,649	\$ 2,649

<b>Carrying amounts</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>
Office lease	\$ -	\$ 60,928



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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**9. Loans Payable**

On April 27, 2016, the Company received \$250,000 in an unsecured loan from two non-arm's length investors. On June 27, 2016 the Company received an additional \$200,000 from these investors. The loans are to be repaid in 12 monthly instalments of \$37,500 beginning in November 2016. The loans bear interest at 18% and are due on demand. The balance of the outstanding loans as at December 31, 2020 is \$137,163 (December 31, 2019 - \$137,163). The accrued interest as of December 31, 2020 is \$101,986 (2019 - \$77,298)

In addition, the Investors are also entitled to receive royalty payments "(Royalties)" from the Company. The Royalties shall be calculated as 3.5% of the "Net Proceeds", as defined below, received by the Company from the Keban and Kambertepe tailings projects in Turkey (the "Tailings Projects"). Net Proceeds shall mean the gross revenue received by the Company or any of its subsidiaries from the sale of metals or any other products derived from the Tailings Projects after deducting the excavating and transportation costs, and processing costs.

The Company has the right to buy back 0.5% of the Royalty (in which case the outstanding royalty will drop to 3%) one year after the first royalty payment has been made at a purchase price of \$100,000. The right is exercisable for a period of 30 days after which it shall expire and terminate if not exercised by the Company.

**10. Lease Liabilities**

	<b>Office leases</b>
Balance, December 31, 2018 and 2019	\$ -
Additions	63,577
Interest expense	530
Lease payments	(2,934)
Balance, December 31, 2020	61,173
Less: Current portion	(30,459)
Long-term portion of lease liabilities	\$ 30,714

**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

**11. Income Taxes**

A reconciliation of the income taxes calculated using the combined Canadian federal and provincial statutory rates to the Company's effective income tax rate is as follows:

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Income (loss) before income tax	\$ 988,000	\$ (213,113)
Statutory tax rate	27.00%	27.00%
Computed tax recovery	\$ 267,000	\$ (58,000)
Permanent difference	-	7,000
Temporary difference	16,000	-
Change in tax assets not recognized	(283,000)	51,000
Deferred income tax recovery	\$ -	\$ -

The significant components of the Company's deferred income tax assets are as follows:

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Non-capital loss carry forwards	\$ 4,088,000	\$ 4,234,000
Capital loss carry forwards	3,000	3,000
Resource deductions	248,000	3,060,000
Equipment and other	(8,000)	14,000
Marketable securities	(3,000)	3,000
	4,328,000	7,314,000
Deferred tax assets not recognized	(4,328,000)	(7,314,000)
Net deferred income tax assets	\$ -	\$ -

The Company has non-capital losses of approximately \$15,180,000 (2019 - \$14,582,000) expiring between 2026 and 2040 as follows:

2030	\$214,000
2031	\$1,191,000
2032	\$874,000
2033	\$807,000
2034	\$330,000
2035	-
2036	\$3,000
2037	\$37,000
2038	\$11,126,000
2039	\$598,000
2040	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$15,180,000</b>

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**12. Related Party Transactions**

Payments to key management personnel including the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Directors and companies directly controlled by key management personnel are for salaries, director fees, consulting fees, management fees or professional fees and are directly related to their position in the organization.

The Company is related to Merrex Gold Inc. ("Merrex") by way of common directors and shared staff, rent and office costs. The balance owing to Merrex as at December 31, 2020 for the Company's portion of shared costs is \$259,907 (2019 - \$259,907). The amount of the payable was subject to mutual agreement of the Company's share of costs in Mali. The amount due was agreed between the parties during 2013 and a reduction of \$278,092 was credited to the Naouleni project during 2013. The amount payable to Merrex is non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment.

The Company has a loan agreement to borrow from its President and Chief Executive Officer. The loan is unsecured and non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment.

Included in amounts owing to related parties are additional amounts owing to directors, officers, and corporations in which directors and officers are shareholders totalling \$266,328 (2019 - \$266,328); and \$566,837 (2019 - \$587,424) owing to the President and Chief Executive Officer. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, \$10,000 (2019 - \$17,000) in directors fees were paid to directors of the Company which were included in consulting expenses.

Related party transactions are in the ordinary course of business, and are measured at the fair value agreed to by the related parties.

**13. Share Capital**

**Authorized**

Unlimited number of common shares, without nominal or par value.

**Issued during 2020 and 2019**

In July 2020, the Company issued 1,000,000 shares fair valued at \$20,000 for the acquisition of the Crooked Pine Property (see note 6).

In December 2020, the Company cancelled 14,709,688 common shares valued at \$73,548.

**Share Purchase Warrants**

There were no changes in warrants during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

**Share Purchase Options**

The Company adopted a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to officers, directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. The options can be granted for a maximum of 10 years and vest as determined by the Board of Directors.

There were no changes in stock options during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

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**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

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**13. Share Capital (Continued)**

**Share Purchase Options (continued)**

The following table summarizes information about options outstanding as at December 31, 2020:

<b>Expiry Date</b>	<b>Options Outstanding</b>	<b>Options Exercisable</b>	<b>Weighted average remaining life (years)</b>	<b>Weighted average exercise price</b>
September 27, 2021	10,500,000	10,500,000	0.74	\$ 0.05

**14. Financial Instruments**

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below.

*Credit Risk*

The Company has no significant credit risk arising from operations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash. The Company holds its cash with a Canadian chartered bank and the risk of default is considered to be remote.

*Liquidity Risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due (Note 1). The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within one year. As at December 31, 2020, the Company has a working capital deficiency of \$1,514,006 (2019 - \$2,285,085) to settle current liabilities of \$2,146,905 (2019 - \$2,348,537). In addition to the normal working capital requirements, the Company has further payment requirements under option agreements and to maintain its interests in its mineral properties that are outlined in Note 6 - Exploration and Evaluation Assets.

*Interest Rate Risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Company's assets and liabilities can change due to a change in interest rates. The Company considers interest rate risk related to cash to be low.

*Foreign Currency Risk*

The Company conducts exploration activities in foreign countries and a portion of exploration expenditures are transacted in US dollars, CFA francs and Turkish Lira. The Company could be exposed to risk of major changes in these currencies relative to the Canadian dollar.

**15. Segment Reporting**

The Company has one reportable operating segment, being that of acquisition, exploration and evaluation of mineral properties.

**Frontline Gold Corporation**  
**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise indicated)**

**16. Commitments**

The Company is committed to \$67,476 as follows under its lease obligations:

	<b>1 year</b>	<b>2 years</b>	<b>3 years</b>	<b>4 years</b>	<b>5 years</b>	<b>After 5 years</b>
Lease obligations	\$ 35,205	\$ 32,271	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

**17. Subsequent Event**

On February 9, 2021, the Company acquired a 100% interest in 5 mining cells within its Crooked Pine Lake Property boundary for a total sum of \$4,000 and granting the vendor a 2% NSR. The Company may repurchase 1% of the royalty for \$500,000.